

Adolescent-specific gender differences in alcoholism risk

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Abstract Adolescence is a period of significant social and biological change. The onset of adolescence is associated with increased risk for substance abuse and dependence. This study examined adolescent-specific risk factors for alcoholism. Adolescents (n = 120) were assessed at baseline and again after 1 year. Adolescents were recruited from a community-based adolescent clinic. Adolescents completed a self-report questionnaire assessing alcohol use, family history of alcoholism, and other risk factors. Adolescents with a family history of alcoholism were more likely to report alcohol use and abuse than those without a family history of alcoholism. Adolescents with a family history of alcoholism also reported higher levels of depression and anxiety. Adolescents with a family history of alcoholism were more likely to report a history of physical abuse. Adolescents with a family history of alcoholism were more likely to report a history of physical abuse.

Keywords Adolescent · Alcoholism · Family history · Risk factors

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Introduction
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Keywords Adolescent · Alcoholism · Family history · Risk factors

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*W. H. B. - The following is a list of the
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 N a **ds deae a f** dae a e a
 s f **ds a d i f** dae **ffid**
 a s. a a e da a a s **ds d a d if**
 s a(F . 4), a **d if** **da a s**
 a a da (F . 5), e da s **ds d s**
 a a a (F . 5e), a e da s **ds d s**
 a a a da a a -se dae **ds**
 (F . 5) a d s fea e f **N**.

Re 1

B ♦ a a a a

J. Neurosci. 2002; 22(14): 6033-6042. © 2002 Society for Neuroscience 0270-6474/02/226033-10\$15.00/0

A a a s s f f f t a a a s f s as
 t a t t a s e a t a a t f f t f f t
 a , ea a a t f f t f f t f f t
 e a t f f t a f t t a s , (2, 228) = 5.64, < .01.
 s e a a s s t s a t a a e a s t t s
 a a t t e s s t s e a f f t a e t a
 s t a t a t t s t s e a f f t a e , (116) =
 3.45, < .01, a a a a s f e a t , (116) = 1.971, =
 .051, a e a s t t s a t t f t t (66 %)
 s t f f t a e t a s t a t (33 %) a t
 t s t f f t a e . t t a s s f e a f f t t
 f f t t a s f t e s t a t f t t
 t t (> .24). t t t t t a e t f f t f f t
 t a a s (a s > .38). A a e t t s s a s f t

as s fea ea if if i af i as
 (a offe fa ae i ss, >.58). i as as fea
 dae i i da a da a f i f e i
 i a ae i ss a s, (2,220) = 3.18, < .05. s
 ee da s i s fea (s > .13).

A u

Aee ae f i e i i i if i i as
 f a a e a s (= 94 %, D = 4.9 %), a as as
 i i i, aee ae e as i a i a a offe f
 da a i (1, 117) = 11.66, < .01. i a ss fa i as
 aee ae as a i i a f s i s e a
 i f e i a a e a s i i i, (2, 234) = 19.45,
 < .01. s e a a s s i a a e a s i i ss
 aee a i i i s s i i i (= 91.17 %, D = 6.16 %), as e a i i i i i i
 (= 94.03 %, D = 6.80 %), (119) = 4.87, < .01, a
 i i i i i (= 94.61 %, D = 5.38 %), (119) =
 6.38, < .01. i i i f f i e s aee ae i
 i i a i i i i i s (> .36). i i i s -
 fea i a e offe s aee ae a a i (s > .78).

I a

A da i ss s i a i i e s i s
 i f e i i a i f (β) i s a i da
 a a e a i a offe s (> .42), e f a a -
 a i i s a s a s e i e a i e s s a L da
 i ss s s f a i offe s a a a i i
 i s i a s fea f i a a e i
 i s i a s fea f f i a a i e i α⁺
 (β = 0.22, < .02), a i s s i s a i
 s i a a s a e i a a s s i a s
 i s a i a s fea f f i a a i e i α⁺
 (β = -0.26, < .01), e i s a i i e i α⁺.
 I i i i s a a s a a a z i
 s i a a i a e i i f s, i i i
 a s i i a s i a + = 0, e e a i a i s i -
 a s a e a i i a e i s a s f
 s i d e i s i da f s i
 f i a e . i i i 20 a s a a z i s i
 da a i a a s a i a a s i s d e f
 i a a i a f i s i a s i a i s
 (F . 2 ; s i i i i i a F . 1 a f f a i s).
 i i i 20 a s f a a s s, i a a e a i
 f i a i s fea (β = 0.21, < .04) (F . 2 a), as
 i i a a i f i α⁺ (β = -0.27, < .01). i i as
 offe f s i α⁺ (= .42). N i i a i f i e i a a e i
 i a i a a s α⁻ (s > .09; s i i i i i a
 F . 1 f a i s f a s a a α⁻ = 0).

G i i a i offe s α⁺ i s a a i e i
 s i a a i a i s e i, i e e i e i a -
 a a s s i i i s a a a s i a a s

i i i s a e e a i s i a a a
 e i s i s i a a s a e -
 a s a i α⁺ a s i s a i a s
 i i a e i s i i i i i i i i
 i ss s i i f e i i i i i i i i
 (117) = .23, < .02. s offe i a i s fea af i
 i a s a a a α⁺ = 0, (97) = .22, < .03
 (F . 2 e). s s i e i a s i s a i a -
 a s i f i e a e i f e i e i e s as
 e a i a a e a i a i i e i e
 e s i i i s s . i a s i i i α⁺ a i
 i s a i a e i s f i i i i as s fea
 af i i e a s e i (= .04; B f i -
 a s i α = .025).

I a

C u

i e i s a s (δ) i e s s i f i a e
 f a s i i s i a s s e a i BOLD a e -
 a i i i f i i a i f a e i (FC)
 i s a (s i i F . 3). i i i a i f f i e s
 i a e s i e a i i FC (= -1, = 47, z = 8) a
 i a e s i i a s a i (= -7, = 8, = 2) (a s >
 .46). A a , i a a a s s i s a i a
 a a e a i a a s f i a a e a . A -
 a i s a s i s a i a i e i a s

15.6999998(a342.3999939(a 0()18.89999961()0()20())a)18

$=-19$, $=-40$, $=68; 92$ (s), a e a a (=
 -7 , $=20$, $=8; 60$ (s), a e s a e s
 a a a a (= -22 , $=5$, $=-22; 52$ (s), as e a
 a s e s. e e e s f f f e s s e -
 s (s > .36). e a s e e a (-s a e
 e) s e s a e s s a s e s s e -
 s e e a e a s a e e a s e s e -
 s a e s e a a e a s. e a a a -
 s s e s a e a a e f f e s e e a e a .

a s fea e f N s
 s. G a a a t s a s s a s-
 t e t a t s t e t a t
 a ae a a s t ae , (76)=
 .27, <.02, B f -a s α = .025 (F . 5e),
 s t a a t a ()

A, *B*, *C*, *D*, *E*, *F*, *G*, *H*, *I*, *J*, *K*, *L*, *M*, *N*, *O*, *P*, *Q*, *R*, *S*, *T*, *U*, *V*, *W*, *X*, *Y*, *Z*

M a e if a a sess t s t
a a \$, a a a st fGLMs t t s a t s
as sa a a t s. \$ia ass t
e e i f i t a s fs t t a
s si a i t s ift ae, t t t f
a - ta t aa t s. A sess t t a ae -
ts t t a e t a t a t
t s t sea t f e t , t a ss f e
t a t t f ae (a t 3; F . 5). A sess -s t fe
offes t a t a s t a e t

Table 2 δ s ϵ s a s δ a ϵ a δ e δ a s ϵ e ϵ (δ) a e δ a δ ()

W		# W	W	W	W	W	A	Effects
S	de da s	de e d						
B	a a d a f a e d		1,724	5.29	-1	47	2	.S.
W	a s a *		150	4.71	-7	8	2	.S.
L	d d a s		73	4.09	-55	-31	5	.S.
L	s d e a d		61	3.03	-4	-52	20	.S.
	e a d s		49	3.03	20	-6	27	.S.
N	a de da s	de e d						
B	a a f s f s		1,235	-5.95	10	-58	2	.S.
	f d a d a d		203	-3.75	59	-28	35	.S.
N	a de da s	e d a d						
L	d e d a s		490	-3.58	-13	-19	68	.S.
	s e d a s		258	-3.77	56	-25	44	a **
B	a d a d a f a s		95	-3.53	2	-10	50	.S.
	d e d a s		53	-3.42	26	-19	62	.S.
B	a d a e a d s		50	-3.32	-4	-19	44	.S.

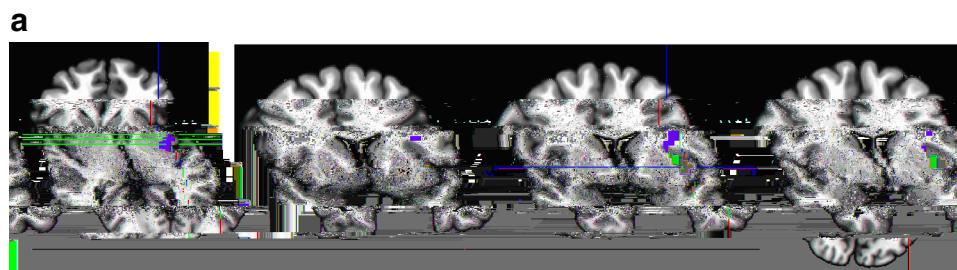
* a s a as

** A significant difference between the two groups ($p < .05$).

e s e a i ae (s > .23) i
 a f a f i ae (s > .37). i f a
 ass e a i ae (s > .23). i f a
 a s a ae i i i a e s fea
 i e f i N i i a da. i i i
 s fea s f f i e s i s i a
 a a d. i i, i s i s s s a d a i
 ae a e e a s e s i e s
 s i s e a f i ae s a s e a i
 e s f i a s i f e i .

Di ç i

s a aa a a a t a f t - D t La s, a a ts, & C t
 S tSe a f t ae, t st da tSe d -s t fe 2008) a da e a ts a t t f e t da
 a t ff t e ts t f e t da t a a t a a ts(C sa t a., 2013; a t B sa t a., 2012) af t



$p < 0.05$ corrected

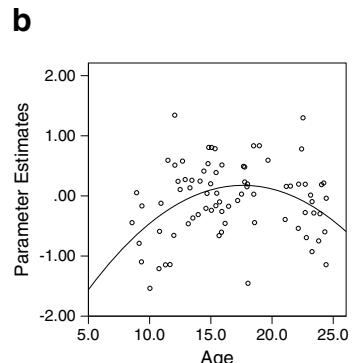


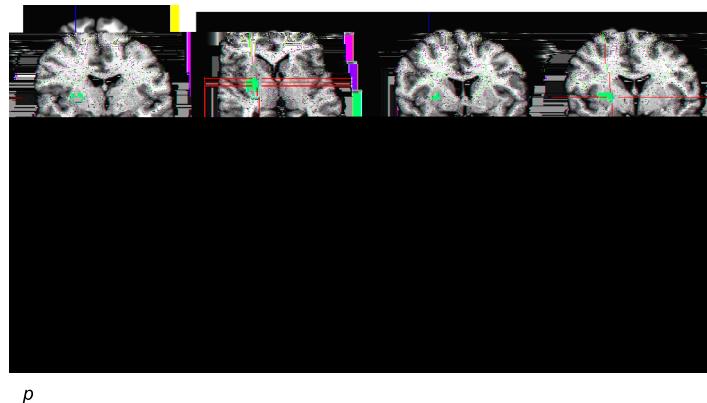
Fig. 4 aA & ffe eesf s ee ea s s e e
 & s (δ^+). & s a as & a & a set s, ea &
 e & a a s b sea & s a s & a a & s a s

Table 3 *deafness* vs. *normal hearing*

	# vs.				
L <i>deafness</i>	100	2.90	-7	-49	56
a <i>deafness</i>	60	3.18	23	-4	5
B <i>deafness</i>	51	3.76	2	-46	-7
S <i>deafness</i>	49	3.09	15	-34	53

(Casa et al., 2013; and Basta, 2012) deafness affects speech perception, speech production, and language processing. It is known that speech perception is impaired in deafness due to damage to the auditory system. Speech production is also impaired in deafness, as evidenced by the fact that deaf individuals often have difficulty articulating words correctly. Language processing is also impaired in deafness, as evidenced by the fact that deaf individuals often have difficulty understanding spoken language. These findings suggest that deafness has a significant impact on communication and social interaction.

Deafness can be caused by various factors, including genetic factors, environmental factors, and medical conditions. Genetic factors include mutations in genes that are involved in the development of the auditory system. Environmental factors include exposure to loud noise, which can damage the cochlea and other structures in the ear. Medical conditions include congenital deafness, which is present at birth, and acquired deafness, which develops later in life due to damage to the auditory system. Deafness can also be caused by infections, such as meningitis or encephalitis, which can damage the brain and affect the auditory system. In addition, some medications can cause temporary or permanent deafness as a side effect. Deafness can have a significant impact on a person's quality of life, as it can limit their ability to communicate effectively with others and participate fully in society. Therefore, it is important to identify and treat deafness as early as possible to prevent further complications and improve overall outcomes.



(Gao & Chen, 2005; Gao et al., 2014). A meta-analysis, involving 13 studies, found that sea turtle hatchling sex ratio was significantly skewed towards females (mean = 0.61, 95% CI = 0.58–0.64) (Borchert et al., 2001). Females were more abundant than males in all studies. In fact, female hatchlings were more abundant than males in all studies except one (Kingsley, Izquierdo, Hitzinger-Da Costa, & Koenig, 2009)—a result that contradicts the general finding that female hatchlings are more abundant than males (Carrasco, 2013; Carrasco et al., 2010; da Rosa et al., 2012).

In addition to sex ratio, environmental factors also affect sea turtle hatchling sex ratios. Several studies have shown that temperature has a significant effect on sex determination (Gao et al., 2012; Gao et al., 2009; Massal, Izquierdo, Faria, Lobo, & Estevez, 2012), and some studies have suggested that sex is determined by the temperature at which the eggs are incubated (Estevez, Lobo, & da Rosa, 2003; Lobo, Basilio, & D'Urso, 2007), although this is not supported by all studies (Lobo & Estevez, 2010). In fact, a study by da Rosa et al. (2001) found that sex ratio was not affected by temperature, while another study by Carrasco et al. (2009) found that sex ratio was affected by temperature.

It is interesting to note that the sex ratio of sea turtle hatchlings is not always consistent with the sex ratio of adult sea turtles. For example, in the Atlantic Ocean, the sex ratio of loggerhead sea turtles is approximately 0.55, while the sex ratio of adult loggerheads is approximately 0.60 (Carrasco et al., 2009). This suggests that environmental factors may play a role in determining the sex ratio of sea turtle hatchlings.

Another factor that may affect sea turtle hatchling sex ratio is the presence of predators. Studies have shown that predation on sea turtle eggs and hatchlings can lead to a decrease in the sex ratio of hatchlings (Araújo & Carrasco, 1990; Carrasco et al., 2004; D'Urso & Massal, 2002; da Rosa et al., 2004). For example, in the Atlantic Ocean, the sex ratio of loggerhead sea turtles is approximately 0.55, while the sex ratio of adult loggerheads is approximately 0.60 (Carrasco et al., 2009). This suggests that environmental factors may play a role in determining the sex ratio of sea turtle hatchlings.

- “a a a a da da a set (C & Da , 2012; C & C , 2013).
I e e s , s a a set -s affe offe f s sea f a e f us da a da ae a a s. Dff a s f s offe f a et da e da a s, das a set s et a s s f f a e , f f das f e . A set s s s da a as a ea sf da s f -sea set s a a a e e (C & Da , 2000; La & D'Az , 1999; C & Ca , 1997), as das offes a set s a a set da e us as set -s , da a , a se a -s (B & I & z , 1995; La & Da , 2001).
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C 65()18.60000338(D 258&7M 99 E 2002)22.60
da a a f set a f a -a a f .
C :As f e -a a f M I.

Ack ledg e da Ga f assa e a a e -
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ea I a C da a B da I a C da C
Me ea C C a 32 DA0072774 (M.J.), 01
DA018879 (B.J.C.), a M D. gae , MD fa .

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